

# Background / Rationale

New technologies have become integral to the lives of children and young people in today's society. The internet and other digital and information technologies are powerful tools, which open up new opportunities for everyone. Electronic communication helps teachers and students learn from each other. These technologies can stimulate discussion, promote creativity and increase awareness of context to promote effective learning. Children and young people should have an entitlement to safe internet access at all times. The use of these exciting and innovative tools in school and at home has been shown to raise educational standards and promote pupil / student achievement. However, the use of these new technologies can put young people at risk within and outside the school. Some of the dangers they may face include:

- Access to illegal, harmful or inappropriate images or other content
- Unauthorised access to / loss of / sharing of personal information
- The risk of being subject to grooming by those with whom they make contact on the internet.
- The sharing / distribution of personal images without an individual's consent or knowledge
- Inappropriate communication / contact with others, including strangers
- Cyber-bullying
- Access to unsuitable video / internet games
- An inability to evaluate the quality, accuracy and relevance of information on the internet
- Plagiarism and copyright infringement
- Illegal downloading of music or video files
- The potential for excessive use which may impact on the social and emotional development and learning of the young person.

Many of these risks reflect situations in the off-line world and this e-safety policy must be used in conjunction with other school policies (eg behaviour, anti-bullying and child protection policies). It is impossible to eliminate all risk. It is therefore essential to build students resilience to the risks they may face, so that they have the confidence and skills to face and deal with them.

We must demonstrate that we have provided the necessary safeguards to help ensure that we have done everything that could reasonably be expected of us to manage and reduce these risks. The e-safety policy that follows explains how we intend to do this, while also addressing wider educational issues in order to help young people (and their parents / carers) to be responsible users and stay safe while using the internet and other communications technologies for educational, personal and recreational use.

# Development / Monitoring / Review of this Policy

This e-safety policy has been/is being developed by

- School E-Safety Coordinator / Officer (D.Garland June 2009)
- Headteacher / Leadership Group
- Teachers
- Support Staff
- ICT Technical staff
- Governors
- Parents and Carers
- Community users: Tim Bareham

Consultation with the whole school community has/will taken place through the following:

- Staff meetings and INSET opportunities
- School Council and student focus groups
- INSET Day
- Governors meeting / sub committee meeting
- Parents evenings/events/consultations
- School website / newsletters

# Schedule for Development / Monitoring / Review

This e-safety policy was approved by the <i>Governing Body / Governors Sub Committee</i> on:	In progress of development; adopted as a working policy but not yet formally ratified
The implementation of this e-safety policy will be monitored by the:	<i>Leadership group</i>
Monitoring will take place at regular intervals:	<i>Annually</i>
The <i>Governing Body / Governors Sub Committee</i> will receive a report on the implementation of the e-safety policy generated by the monitoring group (which will include anonymous details of e-safety incidents) at regular intervals:	<i>Annually</i>
The E-Safety Policy will be reviewed annually, or more regularly in the light of any significant new developments in the use of the technologies, new threats to e-safety or incidents that have taken place. The next anticipated review date will be:	<i>July 2010</i>
Should serious e-safety incidents take place, the following external persons / agencies should be informed:	<i>Computer Audit, Police, Childrens' Services</i>

The school will monitor the impact of the policy using:

- Logs of reported incidents [esafety@saltash.net](mailto:esafety@saltash.net) helpdesk
- Internal and SWgFL monitoring logs of internet activity (including sites visited)
- Internal monitoring data for network activity
- Surveys / questionnaires of
  - learners(CEOP ThinkUknow survey)
  - parents / carers
  - staff

## Scope of the Policy

This policy applies to all members of the school community (including staff, students / pupils, volunteers, parents / carers, visitors, community users) who have access to and are users of school ICT systems, both in and out of school.

The Education and Inspections Act 2006 empowers Headteachers, to such extent as is reasonable, to regulate the behaviour of learners when they are off the school site and empowers members of staff to impose disciplinary penalties for inappropriate behaviour. This is pertinent to incidents of cyber-bullying, or other e-safety incidents covered by this policy, which may take place out of school, but is linked to membership of the school.

The school will deal with such incidents within this policy and associated behaviour and anti-bullying policies and will, where known, inform parents / carers of incidents of inappropriate e-safety behaviour that take place out of school.

# Roles and Responsibilities

The following section outlines the roles and responsibilities for e-safety of individuals and groups within the school:

## Governors:

Governors are responsible for the approval of the E-Safety Policy and for reviewing the effectiveness of the policy. This will be carried out by the *Curriculum and Pupil issues Sub Committee* receiving regular information about e-safety incidents and monitoring reports. A member of the Governing Body has taken on the role of E-Safety Governor. The role of the E-Safety Governor will include:

- regular meetings with the E-Safety Officer
- regular monitoring of e-safety incident logs
- regular monitoring of filtering / change control logs
- reporting to relevant Governors committee / meeting

## Headteacher and Senior Leaders:

- The Headteacher is responsible for ensuring the safety (including e-safety) of members of the school community, though the day to day responsibility for e-safety will be delegated to the E-Safety Officer.
- The Headteacher / Leadership group are responsible for ensuring that the E-Safety Officer and other relevant staff receive suitable CPD to enable them to carry out their e-safety roles and to train other colleagues, as relevant
- The Headteacher / Leadership group will ensure that there is a system in place to allow for monitoring and support of those in school who carry out the internal e-safety monitoring role. This is to provide a safety net and also support to those colleagues who take on important monitoring roles.. This process will consist of regular reports to the Leadership Group
- The Leadership Group will receive regular monitoring reports from the E-Safety Officer.
- The Headteacher and another member of the Leadership Group should be aware of the procedures to be followed in the event of a serious e-safety allegation being made against a member of staff. (see SWGfL flow chart on dealing with e-safety incidents – included in a later section – “Responding to incidents of misuse” and relevant Local Authority HR / disciplinary procedures)

## E-Safety Officer:

- leads the e-safety committee
- takes day to day responsibility for e-safety issues and has a leading role in establishing and reviewing the school e-safety policies / documents
- ensures that all staff are aware of the procedures that need to be followed in the event of an e-safety incident taking place.
- provides training and advice for staff
- liaises with the Local Authority
- liaises with school ICT technical staff
- receives reports of e-safety incidents and creates a log of incidents ( using Spiceworks )
- meets regularly with E-Safety Governor to discuss current issues, review incident logs and filtering / change control logs
- attends relevant meeting / committee of Governors
- reports regularly to Senior Leadership Team

## Network Manager / Technical staff:

The Network Manager / Systems Manager / ICT Technician / ICT Co-ordinator is responsible for ensuring:

- that the school’s ICT infrastructure is secure and is not open to misuse or malicious attack
- that the school meets the e-safety technical requirements outlined in the SWGfL Security Policy and Acceptable Usage Policy and any relevant Local Authority E-Safety Policy and guidance

- that users may only access the school's networks through a properly enforced password protection policy, in which passwords are regularly changed
- SWGfL is informed of issues relating to the filtering applied by the Grid
- the school's filtering policy is applied and updated on a regular basis and that its implementation is not the sole responsibility of any single person, (the e-safety officer will coordinate with the Network Manager.)
- that he / she keeps up to date with e-safety technical information in order to effectively carry out their e-safety role and to inform and update others as relevant

Heads of department will liaise with the Network Manager and the E-Safety Officer regarding individual requests for unfiltering based on curriculum need

- that the use of the network / Virtual Learning Environment (VLE) / remote access / email are all regularly monitored in order that any misuse / attempted misuse can be reported to the E-Safety Officer for investigation / action / sanction
- that monitoring software / systems are implemented and updated as agreed in school policies

## Teaching and Support Staff

are responsible for ensuring that:

- they have an up to date awareness of e-safety matters and of the current school e-safety policy and practices
- they have read, understood and signed the school Staff Acceptable Use Policy / Agreement (AUP)
- they report any suspected misuse or problem to the E-Safety Officer for investigation / action / sanction using the [safety@saltash.net](mailto:safety@saltash.net) helpdesk as the mechanism for so doing
- digital communications with learners(email / Virtual Learning Environment (VLE) / voice) should be on a professional level and only carried out using official school systems or systems that are set up for professional purposes
- e-safety issues are embedded in all aspects of the curriculum and other school activities
- students understand and follow the school e-safety and acceptable use policy
- students have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations
- they monitor ICT activity in lessons, extra curricular and extended school activities
- they are aware of e-safety issues related to the use of mobile phones, cameras and hand held devices and that they monitor their use and implement current school policies with regard to these devices
- in lessons where internet use is pre-planned learners should be guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches

## Child Protection Officer

should be trained in e-safety issues and be aware of the potential for serious child protection issues to arise from:

- sharing of personal data
- access to illegal / inappropriate materials
- inappropriate on-line contact with adults / strangers
- potential or actual incidents of grooming
- cyber-bullying

## E-Safety Committee

Members of the E-safety committee (or other relevant group) will assist the E-Safety Officer with:

- the production / review / monitoring of the school e-safety policy / documents.
- the production / review / monitoring of the school filtering policy

## Students / pupils:

- are responsible for using the school ICT systems in accordance with the Student Acceptable Use Policy, which they will be expected to sign before being given access to school systems.
- should have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations
- need to understand the importance of reporting abuse, misuse or access to inappropriate materials and know how to do so
- will be expected to know and understand school policies on the use of mobile phones, digital cameras and hand held devices. They should also know and understand school policies on the taking / use of images and on cyber-bullying.
- should understand the importance of adopting good e-safety practice when using digital technologies out of school and realise that our e-Safety Policy covers their actions out of school, if related to their membership of the school

## Parents / Carers

Parents / Carers play a crucial role in ensuring that their children understand the need to use the internet / mobile devices in an appropriate way. Research shows that many parents and carers do not fully understand the issues and are less experienced in the use of ICT than their children. The school will therefore take every opportunity to help parents understand these issues through *parents' evenings, newsletters, letters, website / VLE and information about national / local e-safety campaigns / literature*. Parents and carers will be responsible for:

- endorsing (by signature) the Student / Pupil Acceptable Use Policy
- accessing the school website / VLE / on-line student / pupil records in accordance with the relevant school Acceptable Use Policy.

## Community Users

*Community Users who access school ICT systems / website / VLE as part of the Extended School provision will be expected to sign a Community User AUP before being provided with access to school systems.*

## Policy Statements

### Education – learners

Whilst regulation and technical solutions are very important, their use must be balanced by educating learners to take a responsible approach. The education of learners in e-safety is therefore an essential part of the school's e-safety provision. Children and young people need the help and support of the school to recognise and avoid e-safety risks and build their resilience.

E-Safety education will be provided in the following ways:

- A planned e-safety programme will be provided as part of ICT / PD / other lessons and will be regularly revisited – this will cover both the use of ICT and new technologies in school and outside school
- Key e-safety messages will be reinforced as part of a planned programme of assemblies and/or tutorial / pastoral activities
- Learners should be taught in all lessons to be critically aware of the materials / content they access on-line and be guided to validate the accuracy of information
- Learners should be helped to understand the need for the student / pupil AUP and encouraged to adopt safe and responsible use of ICT, the internet and mobile devices both within and outside school
- Learners should be taught to acknowledge the source of information used and to respect copyright when using material accessed on the internet
- Rules for use of ICT systems / internet will be posted in all rooms and displayed on introductory screens.
- Staff should act as good role models in their use of ICT, the internet and mobile devices; the students mentioned this as a specific request

### Education – parents / carers

Many parents and carers have only a limited understanding of e-safety risks and issues, yet they play an essential role in the education of their children and in the monitoring / regulation of the children's on-line experiences. Parents often either underestimate or do not realise how often children and young people come across potentially harmful and inappropriate material on the internet and are often unsure about what they would do about it. "There is a generational digital divide". (Byron Report). The school will therefore seek to provide information and awareness to parents and carers through a variety of means including:

- *Letters, newsletters, web site, VLE*
- *Parents evenings opportunities*
- *CEOPS materials for parents/carers*
- *Reference to the SWGfL Safe website*

### Education - Extended Schools

*The school will offer learning events in ICT, media literacy and e-safety so that parents and children can together gain a better understanding of these issues. Messages to the public around e safety will also be targeted towards grandparents and other relatives as well as parents. Everyone has a role to play in empowering children to stay safe while they enjoy these new technologies, just as it is everyone's responsibility to keep children safe in the non-digital world.*

### Education & Training – Staff

It is essential that all staff receive e-safety training and understand their responsibilities, as outlined in this policy. Training will be offered as follows:

- A programme of e-safety awareness and training will be made available to staff. An audit of the e-safety training needs of all staff will be carried out regularly.
- All new staff will receive e-safety training as part of their induction programme, ensuring that they fully understand the school e-safety policy and Acceptable Use Policies
- The E-Safety Coordinator (or other nominated person) will receive regular updates through attendance at SWGfL / LA / other information / training sessions and by reviewing guidance documents released by BECTA / SWGfL / LA and others.
- This E-Safety policy and its updates will be presented to and discussed by staff in staff / team meetings / INSET days.
- The E-Safety Officer (or other nominated person) will provide advice / guidance / training as required to individuals as required

## Training – Governors

Governors will be offered e-safety training / awareness sessions, with particular importance for those who are members of any sub committee / group involved in ICT / e-safety / health and safety / child protection. This may be offered in a number of ways:

- Attendance at training provided by the Local Authority / National Governors Association / SWGfL or other relevant organisation.
- Participation in school training / information sessions for staff or parents

## Technical – infrastructure / equipment, filtering and monitoring

The school will be responsible for ensuring that the school infrastructure / network is as safe and secure as is reasonably possible and that policies and procedures approved within this policy are implemented. It will also need to ensure that the relevant people named in the above sections will be effective in carrying out their e-safety responsibilities:

- School ICT systems will be managed in ways that ensure that the school meets the e-safety technical requirements outlined in the SWGfL Security Policy and Acceptable Usage Policy and any relevant Local Authority E-Safety Policy and guidance
- There will be regular reviews and audits of the safety and security of school ICT systems
- Servers, wireless systems and cabling will be securely located and physical access restricted
- All users will have clearly defined access rights to school ICT systems. Details of the access rights available to groups of users will be recorded by the Network Manager and will be reviewed, at least annually, by the E-Safety Committee (or other group).
- All users will be provided with a username and password by the Network manager who will keep an up to date record of users and their usernames. Users will be required to change their password at regular intervals.
- The “master / administrator” passwords for the school ICT system, used by the Network Manager (or other person) must also be available to the Headteacher or other nominated senior leader and kept in a secure place (eg school safe)
- Users will be made responsible for the security of their username and password, **must not allow other users to access the systems using their log on details** and must immediately report any suspicion or evidence that there has been a breach of security.
- The school maintains and supports the managed filtering service provided by SWGfL
- The school has provided enhanced user-level filtering through the use of the in-house filtering programme.
- In the event of the Network Manager (or other person) needing to switch off the filtering for any reason, or for any user, this must be logged and agreed by the Headteacher (or other nominated senior leader).
- Requests for sites to be removed from the filtered list will be considered by the Network Manager the Headteacher and/or the E Safety Officer. If the request is agreed, this action will be recorded and logs of such actions shall be reviewed regularly by the E-Safety Committee
- School ICT technical staff regularly monitor and record the activity of users on the school ICT systems and users are made aware of this in the Acceptable Use Policy.
- Remote management tools are used by staff to control workstations and view users activity
- An appropriate system is in place for users to report any actual / potential e-safety incident to the Network Manager (or other relevant person). This is [esafety@saltash.net](mailto:esafety@saltash.net)
- Appropriate security measures are in place to protect the servers, firewalls, routers, wireless systems, work stations, hand held devices etc from accidental or malicious attempts which might threaten the security of the school systems and data.
- An agreed policy is in place for the provision of temporary access of “guests” (eg trainee teachers, visitors) onto the school system. These people should report directly to the Network Manager
- An agreed policy is in place regarding the downloading of executable files by users. These will normally be blocked for student and ordinary staff users
- An agreed policy is in place regarding the extent of personal use that users (staff / learners/ community users) and their family members are allowed on laptops and other portable devices that

may be used out of school. School laptops should not be used to store personal information. If users install their own software applications, games or personal digital media then they must expect that their contents may be erased by ICT technicians if necessary during routine maintenance.

- An agreed policy is in place that allows staff to install programmes on school workstations / portable devices. The approved school anti-virus solution was installed on ALL devices that connect to the school network and which are capable of virus transmission. Exceptions to this for some machines may be possible by agreement and any such will be logged.
- An agreed policy is in place regarding the use of removable media (eg memory sticks / CDs / DVDs) by users on school workstations / portable devices. These are permitted but any concerns or untoward incidents must be reported to the Network Manager
- The school infrastructure and individual workstations are protected by up to date virus software.
- Personal data can not be sent over the internet or taken off the school site unless safely encrypted or otherwise secured. This is being worked towards at the present and is a future expectation.

## Curriculum

E-safety should be a focus in all areas of the curriculum and staff should reinforce e-safety messages in the use of ICT across the curriculum.

- in lessons where internet use is pre-planned, it is best practice that learners should be guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches.
- Where learners are allowed to freely search the internet, eg using search engines, staff should be vigilant in monitoring the content of the websites the young people visit.
- It is accepted that from time to time, for good educational reasons, students may need to research topics (eg racism, drugs, discrimination) that would normally result in internet searches being blocked. In such a situation, staff can request that the Network Manager (or other relevant person) can temporarily remove those sites from the filtered list for the period of study.. Any request to do so, should be auditable, with clear reasons for the need. An email to ict support copied to esafety with the request is the preferred method.
- Learners should be taught in all lessons to be critically aware of the materials / content they access on-line and be guided to validate the accuracy of information
- Learners should be taught to acknowledge the source of information used and to respect copyright when using material accessed on the internet.

## Use of digital and video images - Photographic, Video

The development of digital imaging technologies has created significant benefits to learning, allowing staff and learners instant use of images that they have recorded themselves or downloaded from the internet. However, staff and learner need to be aware of the risks associated with sharing images and with posting digital images on the internet. Those images may remain available on the internet forever and may cause harm or embarrassment to individuals in the short or longer term. There are many reported incidents of employers carrying out internet searches for information about potential and existing employees. The school will inform and educate users about these risks and will implement policies to reduce the likelihood of the potential for harm:

- When using digital images, staff should inform and educate learners about the risks associated with the taking, use, sharing, publication and distribution of images. In particular they should recognise the risks attached to publishing their own images on the internet eg on social networking sites.
- Staff are allowed to take digital / video images to support educational aims, but must follow school policies concerning the sharing, distribution and publication of those images. Staff should take care when using personal equipment, school may provide storage media on request.
- Care should be taken when taking digital / video images that learners are appropriately dressed and are not participating in activities that might bring the individuals or the school into disrepute. Where mature themes are explored parents must be informed.
- Learners must not take, use, share, publish or distribute images of others without their permission.
- Photographs published on the website, or elsewhere that include learners will be selected carefully and will comply with good practice guidance on the use of such images.
- Students' / Pupils' full names will not be used anywhere on a website or blog, particularly in association with photographs. Eg In rafi.ki students web pages should not include surnames.
- Our AUP will allow written permission from parents or carers to be obtained before photographs of learners are published on the school website

- Student's / Pupil's work can only be externally published by others anonymously or with the permission of the student / pupil and parents or carers.

## Data Protection

Personal data will be recorded, processed, transferred and made available according to the Data Protection Act 1998 which states that personal data must be:

- Fairly and lawfully processed
- Processed for limited purposes
- Adequate, relevant and not excessive
- Accurate
- Kept no longer than is necessary
- Processed in accordance with the data subject's rights
- Secure
- Only transferred to others with adequate protection.

Staff must ensure that they:

- At all times take care to ensure the safe keeping of personal data, minimising the risk of its loss or misuse.
- Use personal data only on secure password protected computers and other devices, ensuring that they are properly "logged-off" at the end of any session in which they are using personal data.

Use password protected screensavers to protect their machines when temporarily away from them.

- Transfer data using encryption and secure password protected devices.

When personal data that could potentially identify students is stored on any portable computer system, USB stick or any other removable media:

- the device must be encrypted and password protected (many memory sticks / cards and other mobile devices cannot be password protected)
- the device must offer approved virus and malware checking software
- the data must be deleted from the device once it has been transferred or its use is complete

## Communications

A wide range of rapidly developing communications technologies has the potential to enhance learning. The following table shows how we currently considers the benefit of using these technologies for education outweighs their risks / disadvantages: where Ap stands for where appropriate. Teachers should exercise professional judgement but consult [esafety@saltash.net](mailto:esafety@saltash.net) if uncertain.

Communication Technologies	Staff & other adults				Students / Pupils			
	Allowed	Allowed at certain times	Allowed for selected staff	Not allowed	Allowed	Allowed at certain times	Allowed with staff permission	Not allowed
Mobile phones may be brought to school	y				Y			
Use of mobile phones in lessons	wh	ere	Ap			y	y	
Use of mobile phones in social time	y				Y			
Taking photos on mobile phones or other camera devices	wh	ere	Ap			y	y	
Use of hand held devices eg PDAs, PSPs	wh	ere	Ap			y	y	

Use of personal email addresses in school, or on school network	y					y	Y	
Use of school email for personal emails	wh	ere	Ap			Wh	ere	Ap
Use of chat rooms / facilities	wh	ere	Ap			y	Y	
Use of instant messaging	wh	ere	Ap			y	y	
Use of social networking sites where appropriate	y					y	y	
Use of blogs		Y				y	y	
Use of blogs, twitter etc in social time	y					y	y	Y

When using communication technologies the school considers the following as good practice:

- The official school email service may be regarded as safe and secure and is monitored. Staff and learners should therefore use the school email service only to communicate with others when in school, or on school systems (eg by remote access). External Web based mail services such as LiveMail are permissible but staff/learners need to be able to account for such usage if asked why they use it ( for example using Hotmail to log in to the Microsoft Innovative Teachers Network or a student using googlemail to send work home or using Microsoft Sky Drive )
- Users need to be aware that email communications are monitored
- Users must immediately report, to the e-safety officer the receipt of any email that makes them feel uncomfortable, is offensive, threatening or bullying in nature and should not respond to any such email. [esafety@saltash.net](mailto:esafety@saltash.net)
- Any digital communication between staff and learners or parents / carers (email, chat, VLE etc) must be professional in tone and content. These communications should only take place on official (monitored) school systems. Personal email addresses, text messaging or public chat / social networking programmes must not be used for these communications unless part of a published and agreed scheme of work. Where staff wish to establish online learning communities they must ensure that a member of the LG is also invited to join to act as a monitor.
- Learners will be taught about email safety issues, such as the risks attached to the use of personal details. They should also be taught strategies to deal with inappropriate emails and be reminded of the need to write emails and other digital communications clearly and correctly and not include any unsuitable or abusive material.
- Inappropriate personal information should not be posted on the school website and only official email addresses should be used to identify members of staff.

## Unsuitable / inappropriate activities

The school believes that the activities referred to in the following section would be inappropriate in a school context and that users, as defined below, should not engage in these activities in school or outside school when using school equipment or systems. The school policy restricts certain internet usage as follows:

User Actions

	Acceptable	Acceptable at certain	Acceptable for nominated users	Unacceptable	Unacceptable and illegal
<b>Users shall not visit Internet sites, make, post, download, upload, data transfer, communicate or pass on, material, remarks, proposals or comments that contain or relate to:</b>	child sexual abuse images				Y
	promotion or conduct of illegal acts, eg under the child protection, obscenity, computer misuse and fraud legislation				Y
	adult material that potentially breaches the Obscene Publications Act in the UK				Y
	criminally racist material in UK				Y
	pornography			Y	
	promotion of any kind of discrimination			Y	
	promotion of racial or religious hatred			Y	
	threatening behaviour, including promotion of physical violence or mental harm			Y	
	any other information which may be offensive to colleagues or breaches the integrity of the ethos of the school or brings the school into disrepute			Y	
<b>Using school systems to run a private business</b>				Y	
<b>Use systems, applications, websites or other mechanisms that bypass the filtering or other safeguards employed by SWGfL and / or the school</b>				Y	
<b>Uploading, downloading or transmitting commercial software or any copyrighted materials belonging to third parties, without the necessary licensing permissions</b>				Y	
<b>Revealing or publicising confidential or proprietary information (eg financial / personal information, databases, computer / network access codes and passwords)</b>				Y	
<b>Creating or propagating computer viruses or other harmful files</b>				Y	
<b>Knowingly carrying out sustained or instantaneous high volume network traffic (downloading / uploading files) that causes network congestion and hinders others in their use of the internet without permission.</b>				Y	
<b>On-line gaming (educational)</b>	Y				
<b>On-line gaming (non educational)</b>		Y			
<b>On-line gambling</b>				Y	
<b>On-line shopping / commerce at your own risk on our public network</b>		Y			
<b>File sharing</b>		Y			
<b>Use of social networking sites</b>		Y			
<b>Use of video broadcasting eg Youtube; with due regard to the content and context</b>		Y			

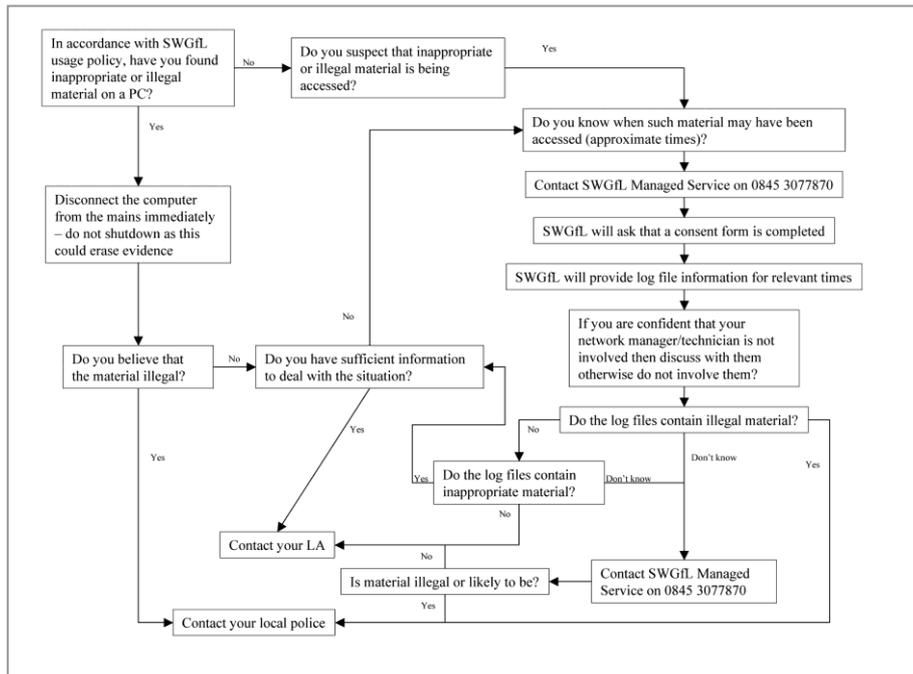
## Responding to incidents of misuse

It is hoped that all members of the school community will be responsible users of ICT, who understand and follow this policy. However, there may be times when infringements of the policy could take place, through careless or irresponsible or, very rarely, through deliberate misuse. Listed below are the responses that will be made to any apparent or actual incidents of misuse:

If any apparent or actual misuse appears to involve illegal activity ie.

- child sexual abuse images
- adult material which potentially breaches the Obscene Publications Act
- criminally racist material
- other criminal conduct, activity or materials

the SWGfL flow chart – below and <http://www.swgfl.org.uk/safety/default.asp> will be consulted and actions followed in line with the flow chart, in particular the sections on reporting the incident to the police and the preservation of evidence.



If staff suspect serious criminal misuse has taken place; contact the Network Manager/esafety officer or other LG member immediately in order that they may set in train the above procedure.

It is more likely that the school will need to deal with incidents that involve inappropriate rather than illegal misuse. It is important that any incidents are dealt with as soon as possible in a proportionate manner, and that members of the school community are aware that incidents have been dealt with. Please report minor incidents as you would other minor behaviour issues, an email to [esafety@saltsh.net](mailto:esafety@saltsh.net) ensures that it has been logged. HOYs should check that the esafety officer has been informed about these via [esafety@saltash.net](mailto:esafety@saltash.net).

Incidents of misuse will be dealt with through normal behaviour / disciplinary procedures as follows: Y- Yes P-Possible in some contexts

## Students / Pupils

## Actions / Sanctions

Incidents:	Refer to class teacher / tutor	Refer to Head of Department / Head of Year / other	Refer to Headteacher	Refer to Police	Refer to technical support staff for action re filtering /	Inform parents / carers	Removal of network / internet access rights	Warning	Further sanction eg detention / exclusion
<b>Deliberately accessing or trying to access material that could be considered illegal (see list in earlier section on unsuitable / inappropriate activities).</b>	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Unauthorised use of non-educational sites during lessons		P						Y	
Unauthorised use of mobile phone / digital camera / other handheld device	Y	Y	P					Y	Y
Unauthorised use of social networking / instant messaging / personal email	Y	Y	P					Y	Y
Unauthorised downloading or uploading of files		Y	Y		Y			Y	Y
Allowing others to access school network by sharing username and passwords		Y			Y			Y	Y
Attempting to access or accessing the school network, using another student's / pupil's account	Y	Y	P		y			y	Y
Attempting to access or accessing the school network, using the account of a member of staff			Y			Y	P		Y
Corrupting or destroying the data of other users	y	y	Y			Y			Y
Sending an email, text or instant message that is regarded as offensive, harassment or of a bullying nature	p	p	Y	p		Y			Y
Continued infringements of the above, following previous warnings or sanctions			Y	p			P		Y
Actions which could bring the school into disrepute or breach the integrity of the ethos of the school	p	P	Y					Y	Y
Using proxy sites or other means to subvert the school's filtering system	p	p	Y	p	Y			Y	Y
Accidentally accessing offensive or pornographic material and failing to report the incident	p	p	Y			Y		Y	Y
Deliberately accessing or trying to access offensive or pornographic material	y	Y	Y			Y		Y	P
Receipt or transmission of material that infringes the copyright of another person or infringes the Data Protection Act	p	P	Y					Y	Y



# Appendices

## Student / Pupil Acceptable Use Policy Agreement Template

### School Policy

New technologies have become integral to the lives of children and young people in today's society, both within schools and in their lives outside school. The internet and other digital information and communications technologies are powerful tools, which open up new opportunities for everyone. These technologies can stimulate discussion, promote creativity and stimulate awareness of context to promote effective learning. Young people should have an entitlement to safe internet access at all times.

This Acceptable Use Policy is intended to ensure:

- that young people will be responsible users and stay safe while using the internet and other communications technologies for educational, personal and recreational use.
- that school ICT systems and users are protected from accidental or deliberate misuse that could put the security of the systems and users at risk.

The school will try to ensure that *learners* will have good access to ICT to enhance their learning and will, in return, expect the *learners* to agree to be responsible users.

### Acceptable Use Policy Agreement

I understand that I must use school ICT systems in a responsible way, to ensure that there is no risk to my safety or to the safety and security of the ICT systems and other users.

For my own personal safety:

- I understand that the school will monitor my use of the ICT systems, email and other digital communications.
- I will not share my password, nor will I try to use any other person's username and password, unless absolutely essential ( eg shared work) and if I allow another student to access my area for the sole purpose of collaborative work projects I will change my password immediately.
- I will be aware of "stranger danger", when I am communicating online.
- I will not disclose or share personal information about myself or others when on-line.
- I will not meet people off-line that I have communicated with online except in a public place and with an adult present.
- I will immediately report any unpleasant or inappropriate material or messages or anything that makes me feel uncomfortable when I see it online. I will learn how to report following the thinkuknow guidelines. I know that I can use the [esafety@saltash.net](mailto:esafety@saltash.net) to report as well.+

I understand that everyone has equal rights to use technology as a resource and:

- I understand that the school ICT systems are primarily intended for educational use and that I will not use the systems for personal matters or gaming unless I have permission to do so.
- I will not try (unless I have permission) to make large downloads or uploads that might take up internet capacity and prevent other users from being able to carry out their work.
- I will not use the school ICT systems for on-line gaming, internet shopping, file sharing, or video broadcasting (eg YouTube), unless I have permission of a member of staff to do so.

I will act as I expect others to act toward me:

- I will respect others' work and property and will not access, copy, remove or otherwise alter any other user's files, without the owner's knowledge and permission.
- I will be polite and responsible when I communicate with others, I will not use strong, aggressive or inappropriate language and I appreciate that others may have different opinions.
- I will not take or distribute images of anyone without their permission.

I recognise that the school has a responsibility to maintain the safety of the technology it offers me and to ensure the smooth running of the school:

- I will only use my personal hand held / external devices (mobile phones / USB devices etc) in school if I have permission. I understand that, if I do use my own devices in school, I will follow the rules set out in this agreement, in the same way as if I was using school equipment.

## Safety policy saltash.net community school Autumn 2009

- I understand the risks and will not try to upload, download or access any materials which are illegal or inappropriate or may cause harm or distress to others, nor will I try to use any programmes or software that might allow me to bypass the filtering / security systems in place to prevent access to such materials.
- I will immediately report any damage or faults involving equipment or software, however this may have happened.
- I will not open any attachments to emails, unless I know and trust the person / organisation who sent the email, due to the risk of the attachment containing viruses or other harmful programmes.
- I will not install or attempt to install programmes of any type on a machine, or store programmes on a computer, nor will I try to alter computer settings unless with staff permission and excepting certain devices that install drivers for operation ( eg memory sticks )
- I will only use approved chat and social networking sites with permission and at the times that are allowed

When using the internet for research or recreation, I recognise that:

- I should ensure that I have permission to use the original work of others in my own work
- Where work is protected by copyright, I will not try to download copies (including music and videos)
- When I am using the internet to find information, I should take care to check that the information that I access is accurate, as I understand that the work of others may not be truthful and may be a deliberate attempt to mislead me.

I understand that I am responsible for my actions, both in and out of school:

- I understand that the school also has the right to take action against me if I am involved in incidents of inappropriate behaviour, that are covered in this agreement, when I am out of school and where they involve my membership of the school community (examples would be cyber-bullying, use of images or personal information).
- I understand that if I fail to comply with this Acceptable Use Policy Agreement, I will be subject to disciplinary action. This may include loss of access to the school network / internet, detentions, suspensions, contact with parents and in the event of illegal activities involvement of the police.

**Please complete the following section to show that you have read, understood and agree to the rules included in the Acceptable Use Agreement. If you do not sign and return this agreement, access will not be granted to school ICT systems.**

### Student / Pupil Acceptable Use Agreement Form

This form relates to the student / pupil Acceptable Use Policy (AUP), to which it is attached.

Please complete the sections below to show that you have read, understood and agree to the rules included in the Acceptable Use Agreement. If you do not sign and return this agreement, access will not be granted to school ICT systems.

I have read and understand the above and agree to follow these guidelines when:

- I use the school ICT systems and equipment (both in and out of school)
- I use my own equipment in school (when allowed) eg mobile phones, PDAs, cameras etc
- I use my own equipment out of school in a way that is related to me being a member of this school eg communicating with other members of the school, accessing school email, VLE, website etc.

Name of Student / Pupil

Group / Class

Signed

Date

## Staff (and Volunteer) Acceptable Use Policy

### School Policy

New technologies have become integral to the lives of children and young people in today's society, both within schools and in their lives outside. These technologies can stimulate discussion, promote creativity and stimulate awareness of context to promote effective learning. They also allow staff to be more creative and productive in their work. All users have an entitlement to safe internet access at all times. **This Acceptable Use Policy is intended to ensure:**

- that staff and volunteers will be responsible users and stay safe while using the internet and other communications technologies for educational, personal and recreational use.
- that school ICT systems and users are protected from accidental or deliberate misuse that could put the security of the systems and users at risk.
- that staff are protected from potential risk in their use of ICT in their everyday work.

The school will try to ensure that there is good access to ICT to enhance work and learning opportunities for all. We expect staff and volunteers to agree to be responsible users.

### Acceptable Use Policy Agreement

I understand that I must use school ICT systems in a responsible way, to ensure that there is no risk to my safety or to the safety and security of the ICT systems and other users. I recognise the value of the use of ICT for enhancing learning and will ensure that learners receive opportunities to gain from the use of ICT. I will ensure that e-safety is paramount in my work using new Technologies.

For my professional and personal safety:

- I understand that school will monitor my use of the ICT systems, email and other digital communications.
- I understand that the rules set out in this agreement also apply to use of school ICT systems (eg laptops, email, VLE etc) out of school.
- I understand that the school ICT systems are primarily intended for educational use and that I will only use the systems for personal or recreational use within the school's policies and rules.
- I will not disclose my username or password to anyone else, nor will I try to use any other person's username and password.
- I will immediately report any illegal, inappropriate or harmful material or incident I become aware of to the appropriate person via [esafety@saltash.cornwall.sch.uk](mailto:esafety@saltash.cornwall.sch.uk)

I will be professional in my communications and actions when using school ICT systems:

- I will not access, copy, remove or otherwise alter any other user's files, without their express permission.
- I will communicate with others in a professional manner, I will not use aggressive or inappropriate language and I appreciate that others may have different opinions.
- I will ensure that when I take and/or publish images of others I will do so with their permission and in accordance with the school's policy on the use of digital/video images. I will not use my personal equipment to record these images, unless I have permission to do so. If these images are published electronically it will not be possible to identify subjects unless this has been sanctioned.
- I will not use any chat or social networking sites in school that are on the banned list.
- I will only communicate with learners and parents/carers using official school systems. Any such communication will be professional in tone and manner.
- I will not engage in any on-line activity that may compromise my professional responsibilities.

**Any use of our school systems implies agreement with this policy**

The school and the local authority have the responsibility to provide safe and secure access to technologies and ensure the smooth running of the school:

- When I use my personal hand held / external devices (PDAs / laptops / mobile phones / USB devices etc) in school, I will follow the rules set out in this agreement, in the same way as if I was using school equipment. I will follow any other rules or instructions set about such use. I will ensure that any such devices are protected by up to date anti-virus software and are free from viruses.
- If I use my personal email address on the school ICT systems I will ensure that such use is appropriate and in line with the spirit of this policy.
- I will not open any attachments to emails, unless the source is known and trusted, due to the risk of the attachment containing viruses or other harmful programmes.
- I will ensure that my data is regularly backed up, in accordance with relevant school policies.
- I will not try to upload, download or access any materials which are illegal (child sexual abuse images, criminally racist material, adult pornography covered by the Obscene Publications Act) or inappropriate or may cause harm or distress to others. I will not try to use any programmes or software that might let me bypass the filtering/security systems in place to prevent such access.
- I will not try (unless I have permission) to make large downloads or uploads that might take up internet capacity and prevent other users from being able to carry out their work.
- I will not install or attempt to install programmes of any type on a machine, or store programmes on a computer, nor will I try to alter computer settings, unless this is allowed in school policies or by agreement with the Network manager or the Deputy Head ICT
- I will not disable or cause any damage to school equipment, or the equipment belonging to others.
- I will only transport, hold, disclose or share personal information about myself or others, as outlined in the School / LA Personal Data Policy. Where personal data is transferred outside the secure school network, I understand that it must be encrypted.
- I understand that data protection policy requires that any staff or student / pupil data to which I have access, will be kept private and confidential, except when it is deemed necessary that I am required by law or by school policy to disclose such information to an appropriate authority.
- I will immediately report any damage or faults involving equipment or software.

When using the internet in my professional capacity or for school sanctioned personal use:

- I will ensure that I have permission to use the original work of others in my own work
- Where work is protected by copyright, I will not download or distribute copies (including music and videos).

I understand that I am responsible for my actions in and out of school:

- I understand that this Acceptable Use Policy applies not only to my work & use of school ICT equipment in school, but also applies to my use of school ICT systems & equipment out of school and my use of personal equipment in school or in situations related to my employment by school.
- I understand that if I fail to comply with this Acceptable Use Policy Agreement, I could be subject to disciplinary action. This could include a warning, a suspension, referral to Governors and / or the Local Authority and in the event of illegal activities the involvement of the police.

I have read and understand the above and agree to use the school ICT systems (both in and out of school) and my own devices (in school and when carrying out communications related to the school) within these guidelines.

Staff / Volunteer Name

Signed

Date

## Parent / Carer Acceptable Use Policy

New technologies have become integral to the lives of children and young people in today's society, both within schools and in their lives outside school. The internet and other digital information and communications technologies are powerful tools, which open up new opportunities for everyone. These technologies can stimulate discussion, promote creativity and stimulate awareness of context to promote effective learning. Young people should have an entitlement to safe internet access at all times.

This Acceptable Use Policy is intended to ensure:

- that young people will be responsible users and stay safe while using the internet and other communications technologies for educational, personal and recreational use.
- that school ICT systems and users are protected from accidental or deliberate misuse that could put the security of the systems and users at risk.
- that parents and carers are aware of the importance of e-safety and are involved in the education and guidance of young people with regard to their on-line behaviour.

The school will try to ensure that *learners* will have good access to ICT to enhance their learning and will, in return, expect the *learners* to agree to be responsible users. A copy of the Student / Pupil Acceptable Use Policy is attached to this permission form, so that parents / carers will be aware of the school expectations of the young people in their care.

Parents are requested to sign the permission form below to show their support of the school in this important aspect of the school's work.

### Permission Form

Parent / Carers Name

Student / Pupil Name

As the parent / carer of the above *students*, I give permission for my son / daughter to have access to the internet and to ICT systems at school.

I know that my son / daughter has signed an Acceptable Use Agreement and has received, or will receive, e-safety education to help them understand the importance of safe use of ICT – both in and out of school.

I understand that the school will take every reasonable precaution, including monitoring and filtering systems, to ensure that young people will be safe when they use the internet and ICT systems. I also understand that the school cannot ultimately be held responsible for the nature and content of materials accessed on the internet and using mobile technologies.

I understand that my son's / daughter's activity on the ICT systems will be monitored and that the school will contact me if they have concerns about any possible breaches of the Acceptable Use Policy.

I will encourage my child to adopt safe use of the internet and digital technologies at home and will inform the school if I have concerns over my child's e-safety.

Signed

Date

## Use of Digital / Video Images

The use of digital / video images plays an important part in learning activities. Learners and members of staff may use digital cameras to record evidence of activities in lessons and out of school. These images may then be used in presentations in subsequent lessons.

Images may also be used to celebrate success through their publication in newsletters, on the school website and occasionally in the public media,

The school will comply with the Data Protection Act and request parents / carers permission before taking images of members of the school. We will also ensure that when images are published that the young people can not be identified by the use of their names.

Parents are requested to sign the permission form below to allow the school to take and use images of their children.

### Permission Form

Parent / Carers Name

Student / Pupil Name

As the parent / carer of the above *student*, I agree to the school taking and using digital / video images of my child / children. I understand that the images will only be used to support learning activities or in publicity that reasonably celebrates success and promotes the work of the school.

I agree that if I take digital or video images at, or of, – school events which include images of children, other than my own, I will abide by these guidelines in my use of these images.

Signed

Date

# School Filtering Policy

## Introduction

The filtering of internet content provides an important means of preventing users from accessing material that is illegal or is inappropriate in an educational context. The filtering system cannot, however, provide a 100% guarantee that it will do so. It is therefore important that the school has a filtering policy to manage the associated risks and to provide preventative measures which are relevant to the situation in this school.

## Responsibilities

The responsibility for the management of the school's filtering policy will be held by the Network Manager. They will manage the school filtering, in line with this policy and will keep records / logs of changes and of breaches of the filtering systems.

To ensure that there is a system of checks and balances and to protect those responsible, changes to the SWGfL / school filtering service

- be logged in change control logs
- be reported to a second responsible person (Deputy Headteacher)
- be reported to the E-Safety Governor every term in the form of an audit of the change control logs

All users have a responsibility to report immediately to the Network manager any infringements of the school's filtering policy of which they become aware or any sites that are accessed, which they believe should have been filtered.

Users must not attempt to use any programmes or software that might allow them to bypass the filtering / security systems in place to prevent access to such materials.

## Education / Training / Awareness

*Pupils / students* will be made aware of the importance of filtering systems through the e-safety education programme. They will also be warned of the consequences of attempting to subvert the filtering system.

Staff users will be made aware of the filtering systems through:

- signing the AUP
- induction training
- staff meetings, briefings, Inset.

Parents will be informed of the school's filtering policy through the Acceptable Use agreement and through e-safety awareness sessions / newsletter etc. As appropriate

## Changes to the Filtering System

In this section the school should provide a detailed explanation of:

- how, and to whom, users may request changes to the filtering
- the grounds on which they may be allowed or denied (schools may choose to allow access to some sites eg social networking sites for some users, at some times, or for a limited period of time. There should be strong educational reasons for changes that are agreed).
- how a second responsible person will be involved to provide checks and balances (preferably this will be at the time of request, but could be retrospectively through inspection of records / audit of logs)
- any audit / reporting system

Users who gain access to, or have knowledge of others being able to access, sites which they feel should be filtered (or unfiltered) should report this in the first instance to The Network Manager who will decide whether to make school level changes (as above). If it is felt that the site should be filtered (or unfiltered) at SWGfL level, the Network manager should email [filtering@swafl.org.uk](mailto:filtering@swafl.org.uk) with the URL.

## Monitoring

No filtering system can guarantee 100% protection against access to unsuitable sites. The school will therefore monitor the activities of users on the school network and on school equipment as indicated in the School E-Safety Policy and the Acceptable Use agreement. Monitoring will take place as follows:

## Audit / Reporting

Logs of filtering change controls and of filtering incidents will be made available to:

- E-Safety Committee
- E-Safety Governor / Governors committee
- SWGfL / Local Authority on request

The filtering policy will be reviewed in the response to the evidence provided by the audit logs of the suitability of the current provision.

# School Password Security Policy

## Introduction

The school will be responsible for ensuring that the *school infrastructure / network* is as safe and secure as is reasonably possible and that:

- users can only access data to which they have right of access
- no user should be able to access another's files, without permission (or as allowed for monitoring purposes within the school's policies).
- access to personal data is securely controlled in line with the school's personal data policy
- logs are maintained of access by users and of their actions while users of the system

A safe and secure username / password system is essential if the above is to be established and will apply to all school ICT systems, including email and Virtual Learning Environment (VLE).

## Responsibilities

The management of the password security policy will be the responsibility of *the Network manager*

All users (adults and young people) will have responsibility for the security of their username and password, must not allow other users to access the systems using their log on details and must immediately report any suspicion or evidence that there has been a breach of security.

Passwords for new users, and replacement passwords for existing users can be allocated by ICT Technicians Any changes carried out must be notified to the manager of the password security policy (above).

Users should change their passwords every half term

## Training / Awareness

Members of staff will be made aware of the school's password policy:

- at induction where appropriate
- through the school's e-safety policy and password security policy
- through the Acceptable Use Agreement

Pupils / students will be made aware of the school's password policy:

- in ICT and / or e-safety lessons (the school should describe how this will take place)
- through the Acceptable Use Agreement

## Policy Statements

All users will have clearly defined access rights to school ICT systems. Details of the access rights available to groups of users will be recorded by the Network Manager (or other person) and will be reviewed, at least annually, by the E-Safety Committee (or other group).

All users will be provided with a username and password by the Network manager who will keep an up to date record of users and their usernames. Users will be required to change their password every 90 days

The following rules apply to the use of passwords:

- passwords should be changed every half term
- the password should be a minimum of 8 characters long and
- must include mixture of – uppercase character, lowercase character, number, special character
- passwords shall not be displayed on screen
- requests for password changes should be authenticated by Network Manager to ensure that the new password can only be passed to the genuine user

The “master / administrator” passwords for the school ICT system, used by the Network Manager (or other person) must also be available to the Headteacher or other nominated senior leader and kept in a secure place (eg school safe). (Alternatively, where the system allows more than one “master / administrator” log-on, the Headteacher or other nominated senior leader should be allocated those master / administrator rights. A school should never allow one user to have sole administrator access).

### **Audit / Monitoring / Reporting / Review**

The Network Manager will ensure that full records are kept of:

- User Ids and requests for password changes
- User log-ons
- Security incidents related to this policy

In the event of a serious security incident, the police may request and will be allowed access to passwords used for encryption.

Local Authority Auditors also have the right of access to passwords for audit investigation purposes

User lists, IDs and other security related information must be given the highest security classification and stored in a secure manner.

These records will be reviewed by ... (*E-Safety Officer and E-Safety Governor*) annually

This policy will be regularly reviewed (annually) in response to changes in guidance and evidence gained from the logs.

# School Personal Data Handling Policy

## Introduction

Schools should do everything within their power to ensure the safety and security of any material of a personal or sensitive nature (Becta – Good Practice in information handling in schools – keeping data secure, safe and legal – Sept 2008).

It is the responsibility of all members of the school community to take care when handling, using or transferring personal data that it can not be accessed by anyone who does not:

- have permission to access that data
- need to have access to that data.

Any loss of personal data can have serious effects for individuals and / or institutions concerned, can bring the school into disrepute and may well result in disciplinary action and / or criminal prosecution. All transfer of data is subject to risk of loss or contamination.

Anyone who has access to personal data must know, understand and adhere to this policy, which brings together the legal requirements contained in relevant data legislation and relevant regulations and guidance from the Local Authority.

The Data Protection Act (1998) lays down a set of rules for processing of personal data (both structured manual records and digital records). It provides individuals (data subjects) with rights of access and security and requires users of data (data processors) to be open about how it is used and to follow “good information handling principles”.

## Policy Statements

The school will hold the minimum personal information necessary to enable it to perform its function and information will be erased once the need to hold it has passed.

Every effort will be made to ensure that information is accurate, up to date and that inaccuracies are corrected without unnecessary delay.

All personal data will be fairly obtained in accordance with the “Fair Processing Code” and lawfully processed in accordance with the “Conditions for Processing”.

## Personal Data

The school and individuals will have access to a wide range of personal information and data. The data may be held in digital format or on paper records. Personal data is defined as any combination of data items that identifies an individual and provides specific information about them, their families or circumstances. This will include:

- Personal information about members of the school community – including *pupils / students*, members of staff and parents and carers eg names, addresses, contact details, legal guardianship / contact details, health records, disciplinary records
- Curricular / academic data eg class lists, pupil / student progress records, reports, references
- Professional records eg employment history, taxation and national insurance records, appraisal records and references
- Any other information that might be disclosed by parents / carers or by other agencies working with families or staff members

## Responsibilities

The school’s Senior Risk Information Officer (SIRO) is They will keep up to date with current legislation and guidance and will:

- determine and take responsibility for the school’s information risk policy and risk assessment
- appoint the Information Asset Owners (IAOs)

The school will identify Information Asset Owners (IAOs) for the various types of data being held (eg pupil / student information / staff information / assessment data etc). The IAOs will manage and address risks to the information and will understand :

- what information is held and for what purpose
- how information as been amended or added to over time
- who has access to protected data and why

Everyone in the school has the responsibility of handling protected or sensitive data in a safe and secure manner.

Governors are required to comply fully with this policy in the event that they have access to personal data, when engaged in their role as a Governor.

## Registration

The school is registered as a Data Controller on the Data Protection Register held by the Information Commissioner.

## Information to Parents / Carers – the “Privacy Notice”

Under the requirements in the Data Protection Act, the school will inform parents / carers of all pupils / students of the data they hold on the pupils / students, the purposes for which the data is held and the third parties (eg LA, DCSF, QCA, Connexions etc) to whom it may be passed. This fair processing notice will be passed to parents / carers through newsletters.

## Training & awareness

All staff will receive data handling awareness / data protection training and will be made aware of their responsibilities, as described in this policy through:

- Induction training for new staff
- Staff meetings / briefings / Inset
- Day to day support and guidance from Information Asset Owners

## Identification of data

The school will ensure that all school staff, contractors working for it, and delivery partners, comply with restrictions applying to the access to, handling and storage of data classified as Protect, Restricted or higher.

All documents (manual or digital) that contain protected data will be labelled clearly with the Impact Level shown in the header and the Release and Destruction classification in the footer:

**IL 3 Restricted**

Basic Details | Registrar | Family Home | Medical | Ethnic/Cultural | Additional Information | History

**Medical**

Doctor: Dr D Bell  
East Town Community Clinic  
Telephone - 859019

Emergency Consent:

NHS Number: +800 24 Blood Group: --

**Medical Notes**

Attachments	Summary	Type
	Asthma	Student Medical Note
	hearing problems	Student Medical Note
	Video Clip - Teacher Assessment	Student Medical Note

**Ethnic/Cultural**

Ethnicity: VERI - British Ethnic Data Source: Parents

Home Language: English Religion: Christian

Mother Tongue: English English Additional Language: No

National Identity: British Speaks Welsh: Information Not Obtained

**Nationally and Passport Details**

Nationality	Passport Number	Passport Expiry date

**Securely Delete or Shred**

Impact levels are as follows:

- IL1–Not Protectively Marked (IL1–NPM)
- IL2–Protect
- IL3–Restricted
- IL4–Confidential

Users must be aware that when data is aggregated the subsequent impact level may be higher than the individual impact levels of the original data.

Release and destruction markings will be shown in the footer as follows:

<b>[Release]</b>	<b>[Parties]</b>	<b>[Restrictions]</b>	<b>[Encrypt, Securely delete or shred]</b>
The authority descriptor	The individuals or organisations the information may be released to	Descriptor tailored to the specific individual	How the document should be destroyed
<b>Examples:</b>			
Senior Information Risk Owner	School use only	No internet access No photos	Securely delete or shred
Teacher	Mother only	No information to father ASBO	Securely delete or shred

## Secure Storage of and access to data

The school will ensure that ICT systems are set up so that the existence of protected files is hidden from unauthorised users and that users will be assigned a clearance that will determine which files are accessible to them.

All users will be given secure user names and strong passwords which must be changed regularly (90 days) User names and passwords must never be shared.

Personal data may only be accessed on machines that are securely password protected. Any device that can be used to access data must be locked if left (even for very short periods) and set to auto lock if not used for five minutes.

All storage media must be stored in an appropriately secure and safe environment that avoids physical risk, loss or electronic degradation.

Personal data can only be stored on school equipment (this includes computers and portable storage media) (where allowed). Private equipment (ie owned by the users) must not be used.

When personal data is stored on any portable computer system, USB stick or any other removable media:

- the data must be encrypted and password protected
- the device must be password protected (many memory sticks / cards and other mobile devices cannot be password protected)
- the device must offer approved virus and malware checking software
- the data must be securely deleted from the device, in line with school policy (below) once it has been transferred or its use is complete

The school has clear policy and procedures for the automatic backing up, accessing and restoring all data held on school systems, including off-site backups. All paper based IL2-Protected and IL3-Restricted (or higher) material must be held in lockable storage.

The school recognises that under Section 7 of the Data Protection Act, data subjects have a number of rights in connection with their personal data, the main one being the right of access. Procedures are in place to deal with Subject Access Requests ie. a written request to see all or a part of the personal data

held by the data controller in connection with the data subject. Data subjects have the right to know: if the data controller holds personal data about them; a description of that data; the purpose for which the data is processed; the sources of that data; to whom the data may be disclosed; and a copy of all the personal data that is held about them. Under certain circumstances the data subject can also exercise rights in connection with the rectification; blocking; erasure and destruction of data.

## Secure transfer of data and access out of school

The school recognises that personal data may be accessed by users out of school, or transferred to the LA or other agencies. In these circumstances:

- Users may not remove or copy sensitive or personal data from the school or authorised premises without permission and unless the media is encrypted and password protected and is transported securely for storage in a secure location.
- Users must take particular care that computers or removable devices which contain personal data must not be accessed by other users (eg family members) when out of school.
- When data is required by an authorised user from outside the school premises (for example, by a teacher or student working from their home or a contractor) they must have secure remote access to the management information system (MIS) or learning platform.
- Users must protect all portable and mobile devices, including media, used to store and transmit personal information using approved encryption software.
- Particular care should be taken if data is taken or transferred to another country, particularly outside Europe, and advice should be taken from the local authority in this event.

## Disposal of data

The school will comply with the requirements for the safe destruction of personal data when it is no longer required.

The disposal of protected data, in either paper or electronic form, must be conducted in a way that makes reconstruction highly unlikely. Electronic files must be securely overwritten, in accordance with government guidance, and other media must be shredded, incinerated or otherwise disintegrated for data.

*A Destruction Log should be kept of all data that is disposed of. The log should include the document ID, classification, date of destruction, method and authorisation.*

## Audit Logging / Reporting / Incident Handling

As required by the "Data Handling Procedures in Government" document, the activities of data users, in respect of electronically held personal information, will be logged and these logs will be monitored by responsible individuals.

The audit logs will be kept to provide evidence of accidental or deliberate security breaches – including loss of protected data or breaches of an acceptable use policy, for example. Specific security events should be archived and retained at evidential quality for seven years.

The school has a policy for reporting, managing and recovering from information risk incidents, which establishes:

- a "responsible person" for each incident on Leadership group
- a communications plan, including escalation procedures
- and results in a plan of action for rapid resolution and
- a plan of action of non-recurrence and further awareness raising.

All significant data protection incidents must be reported through the SIRO to the Information Commissioner's Office based upon the local incident handling policy and communication plan.

## E-Safety – A School Charter for Action

Name of School

Name of Local Authority

We are working with staff, pupils and parents / carers to create a school community which values the use of new technologies in enhancing learning, encourages responsible use of ICT, and follows agreed policies to minimise potential e-safety risks.

### Our school community

Discusses, monitors and reviews our e-safety **policy** on a regular basis.

Supports **staff** in the use of ICT as an essential tool for enhancing learning and in the embedding of e-safety across the whole school curriculum.

Ensures that **pupils** are aware, through e-safety education, of the potential e-safety risks associated with the use of ICT and mobile technologies, that all e-safety concerns will be dealt with sensitively and effectively; that pupils feel able and safe to report incidents; and that pupils abide by the school's e-safety policy.

Provides opportunities for **parents/carers** to receive e-safety education and information, to enable them to support their children in developing good e-safety behaviour. The school will report back to parents / carers regarding e-safety concerns. Parents/carers in turn work with the school to uphold the e-safety policy.

Seeks to learn from e-safety good practice elsewhere and utilises the support of the **LA, SWGfL and relevant organisations** when appropriate.

Chair of Governors

Headteacher

Pupil Representative

## Legislation

It is important to note that in general terms an action that is illegal if committed offline is also illegal if committed online.

### Computer Misuse Act 1990

This Act makes it an offence to:

- Erase or amend data or programs without authority;
- Obtain unauthorised access to a computer;
- "Eavesdrop" on a computer without authority
- Make unauthorised use of computer time or facilities;
- Maliciously corrupt or erase data or programs;
- Deny access to authorised users.

### Data Protection Act 1998

This protects the rights and privacy of individual's data. To comply with the law, information about individuals must be collected and used fairly, stored safely and securely and not disclosed to any third party unlawfully. The Act states that person data must be:

- Fairly and lawfully processed.
- Processed for limited purposes.
- Adequate, relevant and not excessive.
- Accurate.
- Not kept longer than necessary.
- Processed in accordance with the data subject's rights.
- Secure.
- Not transferred to other countries without adequate protection.

### Freedom of Information Act 2000

The Freedom of Information Act gives individuals the right to request information held by public authorities. All public authorities and companies wholly owned by public authorities have obligations under the Freedom of Information Act. When responding to requests, they have to follow a number of set procedures.

### Communications Act 2003

Sending by means of the Internet a message or other matter that is grossly offensive or of an indecent, obscene or menacing character; or sending a false message by means of or persistently making use of the Internet for the purpose of causing annoyance, inconvenience or needless anxiety is guilty of an offence liable, on conviction, to imprisonment. This wording is important because an offence is complete as soon as the message has been sent: there is no need to prove any intent or purpose.

### Malicious Communications Act 1988

It is an offence to send an indecent, offensive, or threatening letter, electronic communication or other article to another person.

### Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000

It is an offence for any person to intentionally and without lawful authority intercept any communication. Monitoring or keeping a record of any form of electronic communications is permitted, in order to:

- Establish the facts;
- Ascertain compliance with regulatory or self-regulatory practices or procedures;
- Demonstrate standards, which are or ought to be achieved by persons using the system;
- Investigate or detect unauthorised use of the communications system;
- Prevent or detect crime or in the interests of national security;
- Ensure the effective operation of the system.
- Monitoring but not recording is also permissible in order to:
- Ascertain whether the communication is business or personal;

- Protect or support help line staff.
- The school reserves the right to monitor its systems and communications in line with its rights under this act.

### Trade Marks Act 1994

This provides protection for Registered Trade Marks, which can be any symbol (words, shapes or images) that are associated with a particular set of goods or services. Registered Trade Marks must not be used without permission. This can also arise from using a Mark that is confusingly similar to an existing Mark.

### Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988

It is an offence to copy all, or a substantial part of a copyright work. There are, however, certain limited user permissions, such as fair dealing, which means under certain circumstances permission is not needed to copy small amounts for non-commercial research or private study. The Act also provides for Moral Rights, whereby authors can sue if their name is not included in a work they wrote, or if the work has been amended in such a way as to impugn their reputation. Copyright covers materials in print and electronic form, and includes words, images, and sounds, moving images, TV broadcasts and other media (e.g. youtube).

### Telecommunications Act 1984

It is an offence to send a message or other matter that is grossly offensive or of an indecent, obscene or menacing character. It is also an offence to send a message that is intended to cause annoyance, inconvenience or needless anxiety to another that the sender knows to be false.

### Criminal Justice & Public Order Act 1994

This defines a criminal offence of intentional harassment, which covers all forms of harassment, including sexual. A person is guilty of an offence if, with intent to cause a person harassment, alarm or distress, they: -

- Use threatening, abusive or insulting words or behaviour, or disorderly behaviour; or
- Display any writing, sign or other visible representation, which is threatening, abusive or insulting, thereby causing that or another person harassment, alarm or distress.

### Racial and Religious Hatred Act 2006

This Act makes it a criminal offence to threaten people because of their faith, or to stir up religious hatred by displaying, publishing or distributing written material which is threatening. Other laws already protect people from threats based on their race, nationality or ethnic background.

### Protection from Harassment Act 1997

A person must not pursue a course of conduct, which amounts to harassment of another, and which he knows or ought to know amounts to harassment of the other. A person whose course of conduct causes another to fear, on at least two occasions, that violence will be used against him is guilty of an offence if he knows or ought to know that his course of conduct will cause the other so to fear on each of those occasions.

### Protection of Children Act 1978

It is an offence to take, permit to be taken, make, possess, show, distribute or advertise indecent images of children in the United Kingdom. A child for these purposes is anyone under the age of 18. Viewing an indecent image of a child on your computer means that you have made a digital image. An image of a child also covers pseudo-photographs (digitally collated or otherwise). A person convicted of such an offence may face up to 10 years in prison

### Sexual Offences Act 2003

The new grooming offence is committed if you are over 18 and have communicated with a child under 16 at least twice (including by phone or using the Internet) it is an offence to meet them or travel to meet them anywhere in the world with the intention of committing a sexual offence. Causing a child under 16 to watch a sexual act is illegal, including looking at images such as videos, photos or webcams, for your own gratification. It is also an offence for a person in a position of trust to engage in sexual activity with any person under 18, with whom they are in a position of trust. (Typically, teachers, social workers, health professionals, connexions staff fall in this category of trust). Any sexual intercourse with a child under the age of 13 commits the offence of rape.

### Public Order Act 1986

This Act makes it a criminal offence to stir up racial hatred by displaying, publishing or distributing written material which is threatening. Like the Racial and Religious Hatred Act 2006 it also makes the

possession of inflammatory material with a view of releasing it a criminal offence. Children, Families and Education Directorate page 38 April 2007.

### Obscene Publications Act 1959 and 1964

Publishing an "obscene" article is a criminal offence. Publishing includes electronic transmission.

### Human Rights Act 1998

This does not deal with any particular issue specifically or any discrete subject area within the law. It is a type of "higher law", affecting all other laws. In the school context, human rights to be aware of include:

- The right to a fair trial
- The right to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence
- Freedom of thought, conscience and religion
- Freedom of expression
- Freedom of assembly
- Prohibition of discrimination
- The right to education

These rights are not absolute. The school is obliged to respect these rights and freedoms, balancing them against those rights, duties and obligations, which arise from other relevant legislation.

### The Education and Inspections Act 2006

Empowers Headteachers, to such extent as is reasonable, to regulate the behaviour of learners when they are off the school site and empowers members of staff to impose disciplinary penalties for inappropriate behaviour.

## Links to other organisations or documents

SOUTH WEST GRID FOR LEARNING:

"SWGfL Safe" - <http://www.swgfl.org.uk/safety/default.asp>

Child Exploitation and Online Protection Centre (CEOP)

<http://www.ceop.gov.uk/>

ThinkUKnow

<http://www.thinkuknow.co.uk/>

CHILDNET

<http://www.childnet-int.org/>

INSAFE

<http://www.saferinternet.org/ww/en/pub/insafe/index.htm>

BYRON REVIEW ("Safer Children in a Digital World")

<http://www.dcsf.gov.uk/byronreview/>

Becta

Website e-safety section - <http://schools.becta.org.uk/index.php?section=is>

Developing whole school policies to support effective practice:

<http://publications.becta.org.uk/display.cfm?resID=25934&page=1835>

Signposts to safety: Teaching e-safety at Key Stages 1 and 2 and at Key Stages 3 and 4:

<http://publications.becta.org.uk/display.cfm?resID=32422&page=1835>

"Safeguarding Children in a Digital World"

<http://schools.becta.org.uk/index.php?section=is&catcode=ss to es tl rs 03&rid=13344>

LONDON GRID FOR LEARNING

<http://cms.lqfl.net/web/lqfl/365>

KENT NGfL

<http://www.kented.org.uk/ngfl/ict/safety.htm>

NORTHERN GRID

[http://www.northerngrid.org/ngflwebsite/esafety\\_server/home.asp](http://www.northerngrid.org/ngflwebsite/esafety_server/home.asp)

NATIONAL EDUCATION NETWORK

NEN E-Safety Audit Tool: [http://www.nen.gov.uk/hot\\_topic/13/nen-e-safety-audit-tool.html](http://www.nen.gov.uk/hot_topic/13/nen-e-safety-audit-tool.html)

CYBER-BULLYING

DCSF - Cyberbullying guidance

<http://publications.teachernet.gov.uk/default.aspx?PageFunction=productdetails&PageMode=spectrum&ProductId=DCSF-00658-2007>

Teachernet

<http://www.teachernet.gov.uk/wholeschool/behaviour/tacklingbullying/cyberbullying/>

Teachernet "Safe to Learn – embedding anti-bullying work in schools"

<http://www.teachers.gov.uk/wholeschool/behaviour/tacklingbullying/safetolearn/>

Anti-Bullying Network - <http://www.antibullying.net/cyberbullying1.htm>

Cyberbullying.org - <http://www.cyberbullying.org/>

East Sussex Council – Cyberbullying - A Guide for Schools:

<https://czone.eastsussex.gov.uk/supportingchildren/healthwelfare/bullying/Pages/eastsussexandnationalguidance.aspx>

References to other relevant anti-bullying organisations can be found in the appendix to the DCSF publication "Safe to Learn" (see above)

## SOCIAL NETWORKING

Home Office Task Force - Social Networking Guidance -

<http://police.homeoffice.gov.uk/operational-policing/crime-disorder/child-protection-taskforce>

Digizen – "Young People and Social Networking Services":

<http://www.digizen.org.uk/socialnetworking/>

Ofcom Report:

[http://www.ofcom.org.uk/advice/media\\_literacy/medlitpub/medlitpubrss/socialnetworking/summary/](http://www.ofcom.org.uk/advice/media_literacy/medlitpub/medlitpubrss/socialnetworking/summary/)

## MOBILE TECHNOLOGIES

"How mobile phones help learning in secondary schools":

[http://partners.becta.org.uk/index.php?section=rh&catcode=re\\_rp\\_02\\_a&rid=15482](http://partners.becta.org.uk/index.php?section=rh&catcode=re_rp_02_a&rid=15482)

Mobile phones and cameras:

[http://schools.becta.org.uk/index.php?section=is&catcode=ss\\_to\\_es\\_pp\\_mob\\_03](http://schools.becta.org.uk/index.php?section=is&catcode=ss_to_es_pp_mob_03)

## DATA PROTECTION AND INFORMATION HANDLING

Information Commissioners Office - Data Protection:

[http://www.ico.gov.uk/Home/what\\_we\\_cover/data\\_protection.aspx](http://www.ico.gov.uk/Home/what_we_cover/data_protection.aspx)

BECTA - Data Protection:

[http://schools.becta.org.uk/index.php?section=lv&catcode=ss\\_lv\\_saf\\_dp\\_03](http://schools.becta.org.uk/index.php?section=lv&catcode=ss_lv_saf_dp_03)

## PARENTS GUIDES TO NEW TECHNOLOGIES AND SOCIAL NETWORKING:

<http://www.iab.ie/>

## Resources

SWGfL has produced a wide range of information leaflets and teaching resources, including films and video clips – for parents and school staff. A comprehensive list of these resources (and those available from other organisations) is available on the "SWGfL Safe" website:

[http://www.swgfl.org.uk/safety/safetyresources.asp?page=schoolst\\_resources&audienceid=3](http://www.swgfl.org.uk/safety/safetyresources.asp?page=schoolst_resources&audienceid=3)

Links to other resource providers :

BBC Chatguides: <http://www.bbc.co.uk/chatguide/index.shtml>

Kidsmart: <http://www.kidsmart.org.uk/default.aspx>

Know It All - <http://www.childnet-int.org/kia/>

Cybersmart - <http://www.cybersmartcurriculum.org/home/>

NCH - <http://www.stoptextbully.com/>

Chatdanger - <http://www.chatdanger.com/>

Internet Watch Foundation: <http://www.iwf.org.uk/media/literature.htm>

Digizen – cyber-bullying films: <http://www.digizen.org/cyberbullying/film.aspx>

London Grid for Learning: <http://cms.lgfl.net/web/lgfl/safety/resources>

## Glossary of terms

<b>AUP</b>	Acceptable Use Policy – see templates earlier in this document
<b>Becta</b>	British Educational Communications and Technology Agency (Government agency promoting the use of information and communications technology)
<b>CEOP</b>	Child Exploitation and Online Protection Centre (part of UK Police, dedicated to protecting children from sexual abuse, providers of the Think U Know programmes).
<b>CPD</b>	Continuous Professional Development
<b>CYPS</b>	Children and Young Peoples Services (in Local Authorities)
<b>DCSF</b>	Department for Children, Schools and Families
<b>ECM</b>	Every Child Matters
<b>FOSI</b>	Family Online Safety Institute
<b>HSTF</b>	Home Secretary’s Task Force on Child Protection on the Internet
<b>ICO</b>	Information Commissioners Office
<b>ICT</b>	Information and Communications Technology
<b>ICTMark</b>	Quality standard for schools provided by Becta
<b>INSET</b>	In Service Education and Training
<b>IP address</b>	The label that identifies each computer to other computers using the IP (internet protocol)
<b>ISP</b>	Internet Service Provider
<b>ISPA</b>	Internet Service Providers’ Association
<b>IWF</b>	Internet Watch Foundation
<b>JANET</b>	Provides the broadband backbone structure for Higher Education and for the National Education Network and RBCs.
<b>KS1 ..</b>	Key Stage 1 (2, 3, 4 or 5) – schools are structured within these multiple age groups eg KS3 = years 7 to 9 (age 11 to 14)
<b>LA</b>	Local Authority
<b>LAN</b>	Local Area Network
<b>Learning Platform</b>	A learning platform brings together hardware, software and supporting services to support teaching, learning, management and administration.
<b>LSCB</b>	Local Safeguarding Children Board
<b>MIS</b>	Management Information System
<b>MLE</b>	Managed Learning Environment
<b>NEN</b>	National Education Network – works with the Regional Broadband Consortia (eg SWGfL) to provide the safe broadband provision to schools across Britain.

## Safety policy saltash.net community school Autumn 2009

<b>Ofcom</b>	Office of Communications (Independent communications sector regulator)
<b>Ofsted</b>	Office for Standards in Education, Children's Services and Skills
<b>PDA</b>	Personal Digital Assistant (handheld device)
<b>PHSE</b>	Personal, Health and Social Education
<b>RBC</b>	Regional Broadband Consortia (eg SWGfL) have been established to procure broadband connectivity for schools in England. There are 10 RBCs covering 139 of the 150 local authorities:
<b>SEF</b>	Self Evaluation Form – used by schools for self evaluation and reviewed by Ofsted prior to visiting schools for an inspection
<b>SRF</b>	Self Review Form – a tool used by schools to evaluate the quality of their ICT provision and judge their readiness for submission for the ICTMark
<b>SWGfL</b>	South West Grid for Learning – the Regional Broadband Consortium of SW Local Authorities – is the provider of broadband and other services for schools and other organisations in the SW
<b>TUK</b>	Think U Know – educational e-safety programmes for schools, young people and parents.
<b>VLE</b>	Virtual Learning Environment (a software system designed to support teaching and learning in an educational setting,
<b>WAP</b>	Wireless Application Protocol